# MTA 2025 Final Proposed Budget

November Financial Plan 2025 - 2028



Volume 1 November 2024



### **OVERVIEW**

### MTA 2025 Final Proposed Budget November Financial Plan 2025-2028 Volume 1

The MTA's November Plan is divided into two volumes:

**Volume 1** consists of financial schedules supporting the complete MTA Consolidated Financial Plan, including an Executive Summary, the baseline forecast (as detailed in Volume 2 and described below) and certain adjustments captured below the baseline. These "below-the-line" adjustments include: Fare and Toll Increases, MTA Initiatives, Management and Policy Actions, and Other items. Volume 1 also includes descriptions of the "below-the-line" actions as well as the required Certification by the Chair/CEO, and a description of the MTA Budget Process.

**Volume 2** includes MTA-Consolidated detailed financial and position schedules as well as the narratives that support the baseline projections included in the 2025 Final Proposed Budget and the Financial Plan for 2025 through 2028. Also included are the Agency sections which incorporate descriptions of Agency Programs with supporting baseline tables and required information related to the MTA Capital Program.

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I. Introduction	

### **Executive Summary**

The **2024 MTA November Financial Plan** (the "November Plan" or "Plan"), which includes the 2024 November Forecast, the 2025 Final Proposed Budget and a Financial Plan for the years 2025 to 2028, updates the 2024 July Financial Plan (the "July Plan"), which includes the 2024 Mid-Year Forecast.

### The November Plan

The November Plan remains balanced through 2026 with deficits of \$378 million in 2027 and \$419 million in 2028, compared with the July Plan which was also balanced through 2026 and included deficits of \$428 million in 2027 and \$469 million in 2028. The February Plan was balanced through 2027.

Changes from the July Plan are \$100 million favorable over the Plan period, and reflect Agency re-estimates – including New Needs, Operating Efficiencies, Farebox and Toll Revenue, and other changes – as well as Subsidy revenues and Debt Service expense reforecasts. The most significant changes over the Plan period are farebox revenue, which is \$250 million favorable including Volume 1 below-the-line items in both the July and November Plans, and toll revenue which is \$139 million favorable. Over the Plan period, additional expenses for critical New Needs total \$195 million, Debt Service expense is \$148 million favorable and Subsidy revenues are \$8 million favorable.

Information on New Needs, which cover critical cybersecurity needs, maintenance, service and customer and employee safety, can be found in Volume 2 of this Plan.

The February Plan baseline included operating efficiencies initiatives that are expected to generate \$1.88 billion through 2027 directly impacting MTA. The November Plan includes an additional \$312 million in savings, which have been incorporated into Agency baseline financial plans and meet the MTA annual \$500 million savings target from Operating Efficiencies as of 2025.

Operating expenses, beyond New Needs and Operating Efficiencies savings, remain under control and are just \$102 million greater over the Plan period when compared with the July Plan.

The Plan assumes collection of toll revenue from Central Business District Tolling Program (CBDTP) will commence in January 2025.

The Plan continues to reflect additional farebox and toll revenue from biennial 4 percent yield increases, which are proposed for August 2025 and March 2027.

### The "Bottom Line"

The November Plan presents a balanced budget through 2026, with deficits of \$378 million in 2027 and \$419 million in 2028.

### **Risks to MTA's Financial Future**

Additional risks to the November Plan include:

**Continued paid ridership recovery**. Progress in reducing fare evasion is critical to balancing the financial plan. The potential cost for 5 percent lower recovery is estimated at \$325 million per year.

**Paratransit reimbursement.** The financial plan assumes the extension of legislation requiring the city of New York to fund 80% of the net paratransit operating expenses. The potential impact of reverting to 50% reimbursement is estimated at \$200 million growing to \$250 million per year.

**MTA operating efficiencies.** Agencies have been implementing initiatives that achieve savings in excess of \$400 million annually and have identified actions that bring the total annual savings to \$500 million annually. These actions need to be fully implemented and the savings sustained.

**Dedicated tax receipts.** An economic slowdown or recession could have a significant impact on the level of dedicated tax receipts received by MTA. Real estate related tax receipts continue to decline related to fewer real estate transactions both in the residential and commercial markets.

Casino license and gaming tax revenues. The approval, awarding, and commencement of operations of downstate casinos is uncertain in both outcome and timing, which risks the \$500 million assumed to be received by MTA in 2026 and 2027, and the \$600 million assumed for 2028.

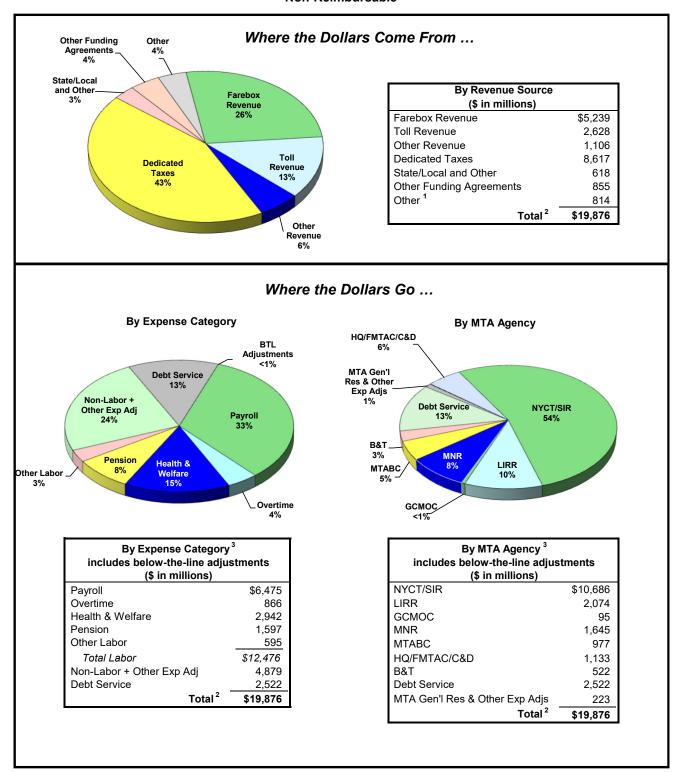
**Approval and funding for 2025-2029 Capital Program.** Funding for the next five-year capital program is needed for MTA to continue its investment in critical state of good repair projects for safe and reliable service. Securing substantial new federal, state and city funding will be required. Over-reliance on MTA debt as a capital funding source could increase debt service costs beyond what is included in the financial plan and put pressure on fares and/or service levels.

II. MTA Consolidated Financial Plan

### MTA 2025 Final Proposed Budget

### Baseline Revenues and Expenses After Below-the-Line (BTL) Adjustments

Non-Reimbursable



Note: The revenues and expenses reflected in these charts are on an accrued basis.

- 1 Includes cash adjustments and prior-year carryover.
- 2 Totals may not add due to rounding.
- 3 Expenses exclude Non-Cash Liabilities.

## November Financial Plan 2025 - 2028 MTA Consolidated Accrued Statement of Operations By Category (\$ in millions)

	Actual 2023	November Forecast 2024	Final Proposed Budget 2025	2026	2027	2028
Non-Reimbursable	2020	2024	2020	2020	2027	2020
Operating Revenues						
Farebox Revenue	\$4,658	\$4,966	\$5,157	\$5,282	\$5,364	\$5,428
Toll Revenue	2,419	2,576	2,583	2,611	2,637	2,654
Other Revenue	881	3,314	966	1,034	1,078	1,124
Capital and Other Reimbursements	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	\$7,958	\$10,856	\$8,706	\$8,926	\$9,078	\$9,206
Operating Expenses						
<u>Labor:</u>						
Payroll	\$5,820	\$6,071	\$6,475	\$6,616	\$6,763	\$6,915
Overtime	1,152	1,105	866	882	906	920
Health and Welfare	1,581	1,791	1,998	2,144	2,296	2,463
OPEB Current Payments Pension	827 1,363	880 1,449	945 1,597	1,022 1,684	1,105 1,753	1,195 1,794
Other Fringe Benefits	1,059	1,449	1,123	1,004	1,755	1,79 <del>4</del> 1,296
Reimbursable Overhead	(474)	(520)	(528)	(525)	(510)	(520)
Total Labor Expenses	\$11,328	\$11,872	\$12,476	\$12,996	\$13,552	\$14,064
Non-Labor:						
Electric Power	\$510	\$544	\$583	\$623	\$634	\$657
Fuel	226	212	212	219	217	221
Insurance	32	11	19	16	20	31
Claims	394	404	421	434	448	462
Paratransit Service Contracts	517	614	617	649	683	729
Maintenance and Other Operating Contracts	908	1,099	1,030	981	1,001	1,044
Professional Services Contracts	631	756	784	783	805	754
Materials and Supplies	641	642	675	736	842	897
Other Business Expenses  Total Non-Labor Expenses	314 <b>\$4,174</b>	324 <b>\$4,608</b>	326 <b>\$4,666</b>	330 <b>\$4,772</b>	338 <b>\$4,989</b>	365 <b>\$5,160</b>
•						
Other Expense Adjustments: Other	(\$16)	\$19	\$13	\$13	\$14	\$14
General Reserve	185	195	200	205	220	225
Total Other Expense Adjustments	\$169	\$214	\$213	\$218	\$234	\$239
Total Expenses Before Non-Cash Liability Adjs.	\$15,671	\$16,694	\$17,355	\$17,986	\$18,774	\$19,463
Depreciation	\$3,549	\$3,664	\$3,642	\$3,647	\$3,699	\$3,760
GASB 49 Environmental Remediation	51	6	6	6	6	6
GASB 68 Pension Expense Adjustment	170	(260)	(220)	(272)	(202)	(427)
GASB 75 OPEB Expense Adjustment	591	768	779	796	807	819
GASB 87 Lease Adjustment	20	14	12	12	12	12
GASB 96 SBITA Adjustment	(2)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Total Non-Cash Liability Adjustments	\$4,378	\$4,190	\$4,217	\$4,186	\$4,320	\$4,168
Total Expenses After Non-Cash Liability Adjs.	\$20,049	\$20,884	\$21,571	\$22,171	\$23,094	\$23,630
Conversion to Cash Basis: Non-Cash Liability Adjs.	(¢4 270)	(\$4.100)	(¢4 217)	(¢4 106)	(\$4.220)	(¢4 160)
Debt Service	(\$4,378) 2,631	(\$4,190) 2,891	(\$4,217) 2,522	(\$4,186) 2,956	(\$4,320) 3,263	(\$4,168) 3,501
	-					
Total Expenses with Debt Service	\$18,302	\$19,585	\$19,876	\$20,942	\$22,037	\$22,963
Dedicated Taxes & State and Local Subsidies	\$8,887	\$9,831	\$10,096	\$11,093	\$11,524	\$11,843
Net Surplus/(Deficit) After Subsidies and Debt Service	(\$1,457)	\$1,103	(\$1,074)	(\$923)	(\$1,435)	(\$1,914)
Conversion to Cash Basis: GASB Account	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Conversion to Cash Basis: All Other	1,457	(1,353)		423	497	878
Cash Balance Before Prior-Year Carryover	\$0	(\$250)	(\$260)	(\$500)	(\$938)	(\$1,035)
Below the Line Adjustments	\$0	\$250	\$260	\$500	\$559	\$616
Prior Year Carryover Balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Cash Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$379)	(\$419)
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## METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY November Financial Plan 2025 - 2028

Plan Adjustments
(\$ in millions)

	Actual 2023	November Forecast 2024	Final Proposed Budget 2025	2026	2027	2028
Cash Balance Before Prior-Year Carryover	\$0	(\$250)	(\$260)	(\$500)	(\$938)	(\$1,035)
Fare and Toll Increases:						
Fare/Toll Increase - August 2025 (4% Yield)		0	126	302	307	311
Subsidy Impacts - Fare/Toll Increase, August 2025		0	(6)	(12)	(8)	(9)
Fare/Toll Increase - March 2027 (4% Yield)		0	Ó	Ó	273	324
Subsidy Impacts - Fare/Toll Increase, March 2027		<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>(13)</u>	<u>(10)</u>
Subtotal:		\$0	\$120	\$291	\$559	\$616
Other:						
FEMA COVID Reimbursement		<u>250</u>	140	<u>210</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>
Subtotal:		\$250	\$140	\$210	\$0	\$0
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		\$250	\$260	\$500	\$559	\$616
Prior Year Carryover Balance		0	0	0	0	0
Net Cash Surplus/(Deficit)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$379)	(\$419)

### November Financial Plan 2025 - 2028

### Cash Receipts and Expenditures (\$ in millions)

	Actual	November Forecast	Final Proposed Budget	0000	0007	2000
Cash Receipts and Expenditures	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
<del></del>						
Receipts	04.040	***	05.447	05.074	<b>05.050</b>	05.447
Farebox Revenue	\$4,640	\$4,955	\$5,147	\$5,271	\$5,353	\$5,417
Other Revenue	2,154	1,287	1,188	1,108	1,097	1,125
Capital and Other Reimbursements	1,876	2,770	2,540	2,535	2,523	2,499
Total Receipts	\$8,671	\$9,012	\$8,875	\$8,914	\$8,973	\$9,041
Expenditures						
<u>Labor:</u>						
Payroll	\$6,392	\$6,731	\$7,395	\$7,318	\$7,432	\$7,584
Overtime	1,381	1,362	1,075	1,092	1,108	1,128
Health and Welfare	1,601	1,904	2,069	2,217	2,370	2,539
OPEB Current Payments	814	858	922	998	1,079	1,168
Pension	2,062	1,434	1,133	1,731	1,845	1,888
Other Fringe Benefits	1,069	1,140	1,170	1,184	1,219	1,260
Contribution to GASB Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reimbursable Overhead	0	(1)	0	0	0	0
Total Labor Expenditures	\$13,319	\$13,428	\$13,764	\$14,539	\$15,053	\$15,568
<u>Non-Labor:</u>						
Electric Power	\$513	\$562	\$591	\$628	\$639	\$662
Fuel	229	211	210	217	216	219
Insurance	4	50	13	13	15	29
Claims	296	333	336	329	334	343
Paratransit Service Contracts	510	612	615	647	681	727
Maintenance and Other Operating Contracts	776	1,132	957	883	898	935
Professional Services Contracts	652	971	869	885	929	830
Materials and Supplies	759	776	811	849	946	996
Other Business Expenses	275	294	296	322	323	333
Total Non-Labor Expenditures	\$4,014	\$4,942	\$4,699	\$4,773	\$4,981	\$5,075
Other Expenditure Adjustments:						
Other	\$171	\$150	\$147	\$115	\$110	\$100
General Reserve	185	195	200	205	220	225
Total Other Expenditure Adjustments	\$356	\$345	\$347	\$320	\$330	\$325
Total Expenditures	\$17,689	\$18,715	\$18,810	\$19,632	\$20,364	\$20,968
T						
Net Cash Balance before Subsidies and Debt Service	(\$9,018)	(\$9,704)	(\$9,935)	(\$10,718)	(\$11,391)	(\$11,927)
Dedicated Taxes & State and Local Subsidies	\$10,961	\$11,706	\$11,431	\$12,333	\$12,821	\$13,401
Debt Service	(1,943)	. ,	(1,757)	(2,115)	(2,368)	(2,510)
	(1,010)	(2,202)	(1,101)	(2,110)	(2,000)	(2,010)
Cash Balance Before Prior-Year Carryover	\$0	(\$250)	(\$260)	(\$500)	(\$938)	(\$1,035)
Adjustments	\$0	\$250	\$260	\$500	\$559	\$616
Prior-Year Carryover Balance	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net Cash Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$379)	(\$419)
	**	**	**	**	1, /	( )

### November Financial Plan 2025-2028

### MTA Consolidated November Financial Plan Compared with JulyFinancial Plan Cash Reconciliation <u>after</u> Below-the-Line Adjustments

(\$ in millions)

	Fav orable/(Unfav orable)						
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028		
JULY FINANCIAL PLAN 2025-2028 NET CASH SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	(\$428)	(\$469)		
Agency Baseline Re-estimates	\$179	(\$438)	(\$219)	(\$378)	(\$311)		
Farebox Revenue	(96)	(118)	(144)	(221)	(138)		
Toll Revenue	(0)	2	26	49	63		
Paratransit 1	(11)	(24)	(2)	(2)	(2)		
Penn Station Access	-	(1)	(11)	(31)	(64)		
NYCT Fare Evasion Mitigation Efforts	-	(31)	(35)	(35)	(35)		
NYCT SMS Re-estimates	38	(36)	(30)	(20)	9		
LIRR RCM Changes	30	24	11	(15)	(10)		
Electric Power and Fuel	14	31	18	12	19		
Health & Welfare (including retirees)	43	(24)	(27)	(27)	(21)		
Pensions	(10)	8	(11)	(8)	(3)		
Timing	162	(165)	-	-	-		
Other Baseline Re-estimates <sup>2</sup>	9	(103)	(13)	(80)	(131)		
New Needs/Inv estments	(\$9)	(\$35)	(\$49)	(\$53)	(\$50)		
Queens Bus Network Redesign	-	(13)	(25)	(26)	(26)		
Information Technology	(6)	(16)	(16)	(19)	(15)		
Maintenance	(0)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(5)		
All Other New Needs	(2)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)		
Savings Program	\$0	\$78	\$78	\$78	\$79		
Operating Efficiencies	-	78	78	78	79		
B&TAdj ustments	\$6	\$22	\$52	\$76	\$90		
B&T Net Baseline Impacts <sup>3</sup>	6	22	52	76	90		
Debt Service (Cash)	(\$233)	\$264	\$29	\$84	(\$3)		
Subsidies (Cash)	(\$111)	\$68	(\$18)	\$98	\$70		
MRT Recording Tax	17	(1)	-	-	-		
Urban Tax	35	-	-	-	-		
MTA Aid	(3)	-	-	-	-		
For-Hire Vehicle (FHV) Surcharge	(6)	2	2	2	2		
Automated Camera Enforcement (ACE)	(32)	-	-	-	-		
Investment Income	28	-	-	-	-		
Other Subsidy Adjustments:	(141)	58	(54)	(1)	(26)		
Forward Energy Contracts Program - Gain/(Loss)	(4)	(10)	(2)	-	-		
Other Local Subsidy Resources	(136)	68	(52)	(1)	122		
Reimbursement from OPEB Trust	-	-	-	-	(148)		
Federal Formula Grant	2,302	-	-	-	-		
Federal Formula Grant for PAYGO	(2, 302)	-	-	-	-		
City Subsidy for MTA Bus	5	1	(12)	23	21		
City Subsidy for Staten Island Railway	-	1	4	3	1		
CDOT Subsidy for Metro-North Railroad	(23)	(18)	(9)	3	12		
B&T Surplus Transfer	9	26	51	69	62		
Subtotal Changes before Below-the-Line Adjustments	(\$167)	(\$42)	(\$126)	(\$96)	(\$124)		
Continued on Page 2							

### November Financial Plan 2025-2028

### MTA Consolidated November Financial Plan Compared with JulyFinancial Plan Cash Reconciliation <u>after</u> Below-the-Line Adjustments

(\$ in millions)

Continued from Page 1		Fav orable/(Unfav orable)						
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028			
Adj ustments from July Plan of Below-the-Line Items	\$167	\$42	\$126	\$145	\$174			
Fare and Toll Increases:	-	(97)	(1)	(2)	7			
Fare/Toll Increase - August 2025 (4% Yield)	-	(102)	1	(1)	3			
Subsidy Impacts - Fare/Toll Increase, August 2025	-	5	(2)	0	0			
Fare/Toll Increase - March 2027 (4% Yield)	-	-	-	(2)	4			
Subsidy Impacts - Fare/Toll Increase, March 2027	-	-	-	(0)	(0)			
MTA Efficiencies:	-	(72)	(70)	(75)	(78)			
MTA Operating Efficiencies	-	(72)	(70)	(75)	(78)			
Management and Policy Actions:	137	201	208	222	245			
Penn Station Access	-	1	8	22	45			
Farebox Revenue Loss Provision	137	200	200	200	200			
MTA Re-estimates:	30	-	-	-	-			
CBDTP Pause - Farebox Revenue Loss	30	-	-	-	-			
Other:	-	10	(10)	-	-			
FEMA COVID Reimbursement	-	10	(10)	-	-			
Prior Year Carryover	\$0	\$0	(\$0)	(\$0)	(\$0)			
NOVEMBER FINANCIAL PLAN 2025-2028 NET CASH SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	\$0	\$0	<b>\$0</b>	(\$379)	(\$419)			

<sup>1</sup> Includes Paratransit revenue, Paratransit expenses and Urban Tax for Paratransit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes OTPS and reimbursable adjustments, operating capital, and cash adjustments.

<sup>3</sup> While B&T Operating Surplus Transfer is captured as a subsidy, B&T's baseline impacts are captured in individual reconciliation categories in the Agency Baseline Adjustments above. To avoid duplication, B&T's baseline impacts are eliminated within this line. Included within this B&T Net Baseline Impacts are reversals for higher toll revenue and favorable OTPS adjustments which are captured above.

## METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY November Financial Plan 2025 - 2028 Consolidated Subsidies Cash Basis (\$ in Millions)

	Actual 2023	November Forecast 2024	Final Proposed Budget 2025	2026	2027	2028
MMTOA, PBT, Real Estate Taxes and Other	-					
Metropolitan Mass Transportation Operating Assistance (MMTOA)	\$2,838.5	\$3,000.0	\$3,150.0	\$3,150.0	\$3,150.0	\$3,213.0
Petroleum Business Tax (PBT)	574.9	644.7	594.7	594.7	594.7	594.7
Mortgage Recording Tax (MRT)  MRT Transfer to Suburban Counties	359.4	329.9	381.8 <i>(11.7)</i>	466.0	569.6	589.7 (17.1)
MTA Bus Debt Service	(18.0) (12.3)	(11.4) (12.3)	(12.6)	(12.7) (14.5)	(14.8) (13.6)	(17.1) (12.3)
Urban Tax	382.0	349.2	384.1	471.0	578.9	<u>598.4</u>
	\$4,124.5	\$4,300.2	\$4,486.5	\$4,654.6	\$4,864.9	\$4,966.5
PMT and MTA Aid	<b>60 000 0</b>	£3 030 E	\$3,150.1	62 277 7	\$3,403.7	¢2 E20 0
Payroll Mobility Tax (PMT) Payroll Mobility Tax Replacement Funds	\$2,232.9 244.3	\$3,020.5 244.3	244.3	\$3,277.7 244.3	\$3,403.7 244.3	\$3,530.8 244.3
MTA Aid	<u>273.6</u>	270.2	<u>273.6</u>	<u>273.6</u>	<u>273.6</u>	<u>273.6</u>
	\$2,750.8	\$3,535.0	\$3,668.0	\$3,795.6	\$3,921.6	\$4,048.7
For-Hire Vehicle (FHV) Surcharge	****	****		****	****	****
Subway Action Plan Account Outerborough Transportation Account (OBTA) Transfer to Operating	\$300.0 22.2	\$300.0 23.0	\$300.0 23.7	\$300.0 23.7	\$300.0 23.7	\$300.0 23.7
General Transportation Account	0.0	23.0 <u>5.9</u>	23.7 18.7	23.7 24.6	25.7 25.6	25.7 26.6
General Transportation Account	\$322.2	\$328.8	\$3 <b>42.4</b>	\$348.3	\$349.3	\$350.3
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Automated Camera Enforcement (ACE)	\$9.2	\$16.7	\$93.0	\$113.2	\$127.7	\$86.1
Peer-to-Peer Car Sharing Trip Tax	\$1.1	\$1.1	\$1.1	\$1.2	\$1.2	\$1.2
Capital Program Funding from Lockbox Revenues						
Central Business District Tolling Program (CBDTP)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$500.0	\$500.0	\$500.0	\$700.0
Real Estate Transfer Tax	345.1	327.7	332.8	335.7	335.8	339.9
Internet Marketplace Tax -NYS	154.2	155.7	157.3	158.8	160.4	162.0
Internet Marketplace Tax - NYC	<u>174.7</u>	<u>176.5</u>	<u>178.2</u>	180.0	181.8	<u>183.6</u>
Subtotal:	673.9	659.8	1,168.3	1,174.5	1,178.0	1,385.6
Less: Debt Service on Lockbox Bonds Less: Lockbox Allocated to PAYGO / CBDTP Expenses	(80.4)		(420.7)	(630.6)	(939.0)	(1,184.0)
Less. Lockbox Allocated to PATGO / CBDTF Expenses	<u>(593.5)</u> <b>\$0.0</b>	(458.4) <b>\$0.0</b>	(747.6) <b>\$0.0</b>	(543.9) <b>\$0.0</b>	(239.1) <b>\$0.0</b>	(201.6) <b>\$0.0</b>
State and Local Subsidies						
State Operating Assistance	\$187.9	\$187.9	\$187.9	\$187.9	\$187.9	\$187.9
Local Operating Assistance	192.7	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9	187.9
Station Maintenance	198.2	205.5	208.2	210.6	215.2	220.2
State General Fund Subsidy	150.0	150.0	0.0 \$594.4	0.0 ¢506.5	0.0 \$504.4	0.0 \$506.0
	\$728.8	\$731.4	\$584.1	\$586.5	\$591.1	\$596.0
Casino License and Gaming Tax Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$500.0	\$500.0	\$600.0
Investment Income	\$86.2	\$89.6	\$36.3	\$15.9	\$14.3	\$14.3
Other Subsidy Adjustments						
NYCT Charge Back of MTA Bus Debt Service	(\$11.5)	(\$11.5)	(\$11.5)	(\$11.5)	(\$11.5)	(\$11.5)
Forward Energy Contracts Program - Gain/(Loss)	12.6	(9.6)	(12.7)	(1.8)	0.0	0.0
Committed to Capital Program Contributions	(114.1)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Local Subsidy Resources Other Local Subsidy to Cover Debt Service Prepayment	964.3 0.0	632.4 (240.1)	67.9 0.0	0.0 0.0	49.0 0.0	346.3 0.0
Reimbursement from OPEB Trust	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	102.0
Federal Formula Grant	0.0	2,302.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Federal Formula Grant for PAYGO	0.0	(2,302.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	\$851.3	\$371.1	\$43.7	(\$13.3)	\$37.5	\$436.8
Subtotal: Taxes & State and Local Subsidies	\$8,874.1	\$9,374.0	\$9,255.1	\$10,001.9	\$10,407.4	\$11,099.8
Other Funding Agreements						
City Subsidy for MTA Bus Company	\$524.8	\$524.2	\$520.2	\$711.1	\$824.9	\$789.7
City Subsidy for Staten Island Railway	36.5	44.6	52.5	73.9	72.6	71.6
CDOT Subsidy for Metro-North Railroad	269.1 <b>\$830.4</b>	<u>252.6</u> <b>\$821.4</b>	264.5 <b>\$837.2</b>	274.0 <b>\$1,059.0</b>	289.2 \$1,186.8	300.0 <b>\$1,161.3</b>
Subtotal, including Other Funding Agreements	\$9,704.5	\$10,195.4	\$10,092.3	\$11,060.9	\$11,594.2	\$12,261.0
Inter-agency Subsidy Transactions						
B&T Operating Surplus Transfer	\$1,256.2	<u>\$1,510.4</u>	\$1,339.0	\$1,272.6	\$1,226.6	\$1,140.3
28. Spotting output transfer	\$1,256.2	\$1,510.4	\$1,339.0	\$1,272.6	\$1,226.6	\$1,140.3
TOTAL SUBSIDIES	\$10,960.8	\$11,705.8	\$11,431.3	\$12,333.5	\$12,820.8	\$13,401.4
						-

## METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY Summary of Changes Between November and July Financial Plans Consolidated Subsidies Cash Basis (\$ in Millions)

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
MMTOA, PBT, Real Estate Taxes and Other					
Metropolitan Mass Transportation Operating Assistance (MMTOA)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Petroleum Business Tax (PBT)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mortgage Recording Tax (MRT)	16.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MRT Transfer to Suburban Counties	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Urban Tax	<u>35.3</u>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	\$51.8	(\$0.7)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
PMT and MTA Aid					
Payroll Mobility Tax (PMT)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Payroll Mobility Tax Replacement Funds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MTA Aid	(3.4)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	(\$3.4)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
For-Hire Vehicle (FHV) Surcharge					
Subway Action Plan Account	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Outerborough Transportation Account (OBTA) Transfer to Operating	0.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
General Transportation Account	(6.6)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Solida Halispolation / Issaali	(\$5.8)	\$1.5	\$ <del>1.5</del>	\$1.5	\$1.5
Automated Camera Enforcement (ACE)	(\$31.8)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Peer-to-Peer Car Sharing Trip Tax	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
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Capital Program Funding from Lockbox Revenues					
Central Business District Tolling Program (CBDTP)	\$0.0	(\$500.0)	(\$500.0)	(\$500.0)	(\$300.0)
Real Estate Transfer Tax	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Internet Marketplace Tax - NYS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Internet Marketplace Tax - NYC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Subtotal:	7.1	(500.0)	(500.0)	(500.0)	(300.0)
Less: Debt Service on Lockbox Bonds	0.1	5.3	11.4	24.5	(14.0)
Less: Lockbox Allocated to PAYGO / CBDTP Expenses	<u>(7.2)</u>	<u>494.7</u>	<u>488.6</u>	<u>475.5</u>	<u>314.0</u>
	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
State and Local Subsidies					
State Operating Assistance	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Local Operating Assistance	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Station Maintenance	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
State General Fund Subsidy	<u>0.0</u>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0
State Constant and Casolay	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Casino License and Gaming Tax Revenues	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Investment Income	\$28.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Other Subsidy Adjustments	<b>#</b> 0.0	<b>60.0</b>	<b>*</b> 0.0	<b>*</b> 0.0	<b>#</b> 0.0
NYCT Charge Back of MTA Bus Debt Service	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Forward Energy Contracts Program - Gain/(Loss)	(4.3)	(10.2)	(1.5)	0.0	0.0
Committed to Capital Program Contributions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Local Subsidy Resources	(136.4)	67.9	(52.3)	(1.0)	122.0
Other Local Subsidy to Cover Debt Service Prepayment Reimbursement from OPEB Trust	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Federal Formula Grant	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	(148.0)
	2,302.0 (2,302.0)	0.0			0.0
Federal Formula Grant for PAYGO	(\$140.7)	<u>0.0</u> <b>\$57.6</b>	<u>0.0</u> (\$53.9)	<u>0.0</u> (\$1.0)	<u>0.0</u> ( <b>\$26.0)</b>
Subtatal Tayon & State and Local Subsidies					
Subtotal: Taxes & State and Local Subsidies	(\$101.8)	\$58.4	(\$52.3)	\$0.5	(\$24.5)
Other Funding Agreements		A		<b>A</b>	***
City Subsidy for MTA Bus Company	\$4.9	\$0.7	(\$12.0)	\$22.8	\$20.6
City Subsidy for Staten Island Railway	0.0	1.5	3.9	2.7	8.0
CDOT Subsidy for Metro-North Railroad	(23.0) (\$18.2)	(18.4) <b>(\$16.2)</b>	(9.0) (\$17.2)	2.9 \$28.4	<u>11.5</u> <b>\$32.9</b>
	(\$18.2)		(\$17.2)	\$28.4	
Subtotal, including Other Funding Agreements	(\$120.0)	\$42.2	(\$69.5)	\$28.9	\$8.4
Inter-agency Subsidy Transactions					
B&T Operating Surplus Transfer	<u>\$9.3</u>	\$26.2	<u>\$51.1</u>	\$69.0	\$62.0
	\$9.3	\$26.2	\$51.1	\$69.0	\$62.0
TOTAL SUBSIDIES	(\$110.7)	\$68.4	(\$18.5)	\$97.9	\$70.4
	(Ψ110.7)	Ψ00.4	(Ψ.υ.υ)	ψ51.5	ψ1 0.4

November Financial Plan 2025-2028

Debt Affordability Statement  $\underline{after}$  Below-the-Line Adjustments<sup>(1)</sup>

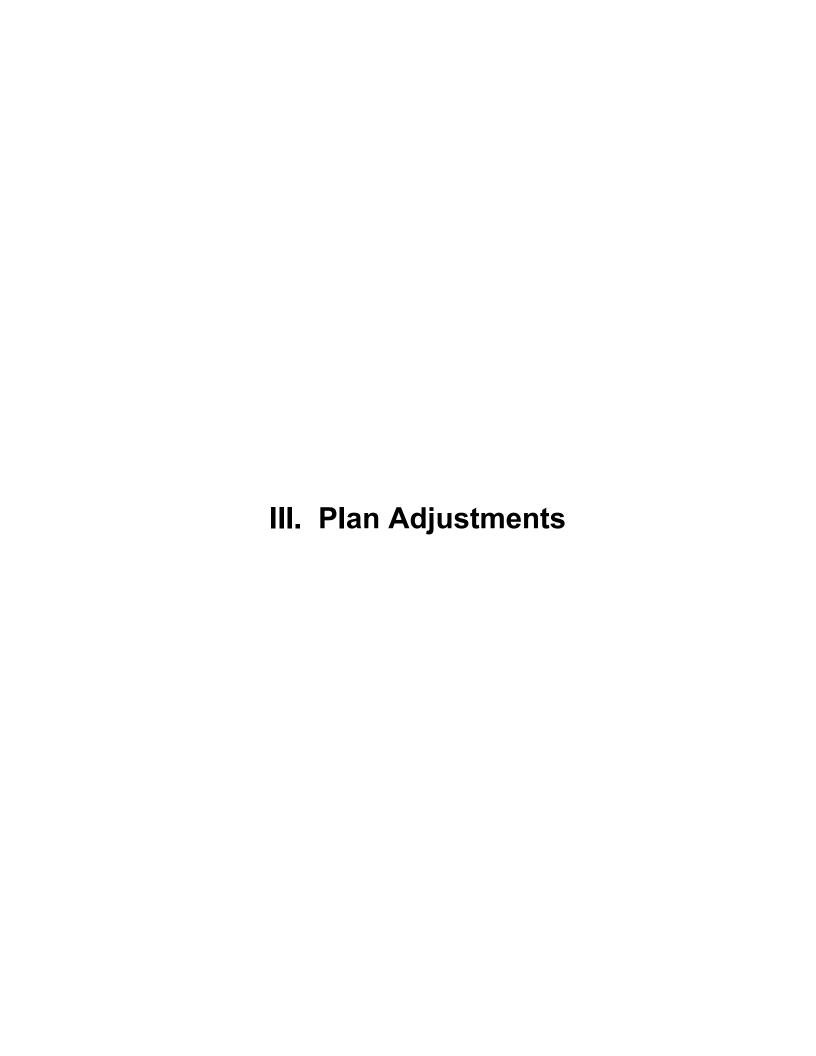
\$ in millions

Forecasted Debt Service and Borrowing Schedule	Notes	2023 ACTL	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Combined MTA/TBTA Forecasted Debt Service Schedule	1, 2, 3	\$2,631.4	\$2,890.6	\$2,521.8	\$2,955.8	\$3,263.3	\$3,500.6
Forecasted New Long-Term Bonds Issued	4	-	-	525.0	630.0	1,014.0	2,761.0
Forecasted Debt Service by Credit <sup>9</sup>	Notes	2023 ACTL	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Transportation Revenue Bonds							
Pledged Revenues	5	\$14,220.6	\$15,588.9	\$15,886.2	\$16,311.9	\$16,622.3	\$16,657.5
Debt Service	10	1,364.3	1,349.2	967.9	1,204.6	1,318.1	1,315.2
Debt Service as a % of Pledged Revenues		10%	9%	6%	7%	8%	8%
Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds							
Pledged Revenues	6	\$574.9	\$644.7	\$594.7	\$594.7	\$594.7	\$594.7
Debt Service	10	229.7	255.0	294.6	294.0	344.1	374.2
Debt Service as a % of Pledged Revenues		40%	40%	50%	49%	58%	63%
Payroll Mobility Tax Bonds							
Pledged Revenues	7	\$2,506.6	\$3,290.7	\$3,423.7	\$3,551.3	\$3,677.3	\$3,804.4
Debt Service	10	358.7	664.1	516.6	640.7	729.6	848.4
Debt Service as a % of Pledged Revenues		14%	20%	15%	18%	20%	22%
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority General Revenue Bonds							
Pledged Revenues	8	\$1,949.0	\$2,071.7	\$2,065.8	\$2,080.4	\$2,091.6	\$2,093.0
Debt Service	10	604.5	597.2	714.7	813.5	869.3	954.1
Debt Service as a % of Total Pledged Revenues		31%	29%	35%	39%	42%	46%
-							
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority Subordinate Revenue Bonds Pledged Revenues	9	\$1,344.4	\$1,474.5	\$1,351.1	\$1,266.9	\$1,222.3	\$1,138.9
Debt Service	10	73.9	18.2	16.0	φ1,200. <del>9</del> -	φ1,222.3	7.5
Debt Service as a % of Total Pledged Revenues		5%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%
Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority 2nd Subordinate Revenue Bonds	11						
Pledged Revenues	10	\$1,270.6	\$1,456.3	\$1,335.1	\$1,266.9	\$1,222.3	\$1,131.3
Debt Service		-	5.6	8.0	-	-	-
Debt Service as a % of Total Pledged Revenues		0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
2 Broadway Certificates of Participation							
Lease Payments		\$0.3	\$1.2	\$3.9	\$3.0	\$2.1	\$1.2
Cumulative Debt Service (Excluding State Service Contract Bonds)	Notes	2023 ACTL	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Total Debt Service before Below-the-Line Adjustments:	1, 2, 3	\$2,631.4	\$2,890.6	\$2,521.8	\$2,955.8	\$3,263.3	\$3,500.6
Total Debt Service before Below-the-Line Adjustments:  Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments	1, 2, 3	<b>\$2,631.4</b> \$7,077.2	<b>\$2,890.6</b> \$7,542.0	<b>\$2,521.8</b> \$7,740.6	<b>\$2,955.8</b> \$7,892.4	<b>\$3,263.3</b> \$8,000.5	<b>\$3,500.6</b> \$8,082.6
	1, 2, 3						
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments	1, 2, 3	\$7,077.2	\$7,542.0	\$7,740.6	\$7,892.4	\$8,000.5	\$8,082.6
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue	1, 2, 3	\$7,077.2 37.2%	\$7,542.0 38.3%	\$7,740.6 32.6%	\$7,892.4 37.5%	\$8,000.5 40.8%	\$8,082.6 43.3%
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue Operating Revenues (including Fare/Toll Revenues) and Subsidies	1, 2, 3	\$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4	\$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,687.4	\$7,740.6 32.6% \$18,802.1	\$7,892.4 37.5% \$20,018.7	\$8,000.5 40.8% \$20,602.0	\$8,082.6 43.3% \$21,049.6
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue  Operating Revenues (including Fare/Toll Revenues) and Subsidies Total Debt Service as a % of Operating Revenues and Subsidies  Non-Reimbursable Exp with Debt Service without Non-Cash Liabilities Total Debt Service as % of Non-reimbursable Expenses	1, 2, 3	\$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4 15.6%	\$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,687.4 14.0%	\$7,740.6 32.6% \$18,802.1 13.4%	\$7,892.4 37.5% \$20,018.7 14.8%	\$8,000.5 40.8% \$20,602.0 15.8%	\$8,082.6 43.3% \$21,049.6 16.6%
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue  Operating Revenues (including Fare/Toll Revenues) and Subsidies Total Debt Service as a % of Operating Revenues and Subsidies  Non-Reimbursable Exp with Debt Service without Non-Cash Liabilities	1, 2, 3	\$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4 15.6% \$18,302.1	\$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,687.4 14.0% \$19,584.6	\$7,740.6 32.6% \$18,802.1 13.4% \$19,876.4	\$7,892.4 37.5% \$20,018.7 14.8% \$20,941.6	\$8,000.5 40.8% \$20,602.0 15.8% \$22,037.3	\$8,082.6 43.3% \$21,049.6 16.6% \$22,963.4
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue  Operating Revenues (including Fare/Toll Revenues) and Subsidies Total Debt Service as a % of Operating Revenues and Subsidies  Non-Reimbursable Exp with Debt Service without Non-Cash Liabilities Total Debt Service as % of Non-reimbursable Expenses  Total Debt Service after Below the Line Adjustments:		\$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4 15.6% \$18,302.1 14.4%	\$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,687.4 14.0% \$19,584.6 14.8%	\$7,740.6 32.6% \$18,802.1 13.4% \$19,876.4 12.7%	\$7,892.4 37.5% \$20,018.7 14.8% \$20,941.6 14.1%	\$8,000.5 40.8% \$20,602.0 15.8% \$22,037.3 14.8% \$3,263.3	\$8,082.6 43.3% \$21,049.6 16.6% \$22,963.4 15.2% \$3,500.6
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue  Operating Revenues (including Fare/Toll Revenues) and Subsidies Total Debt Service as a % of Operating Revenues and Subsidies  Non-Reimbursable Exp with Debt Service without Non-Cash Liabilities Total Debt Service as % of Non-reimbursable Expenses	12	\$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4 15.6% \$18,302.1 14.4%	\$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,687.4 14.0% \$19,584.6 14.8%	\$7,740.6 32.6% \$18,802.1 13.4% \$19,876.4 12.7%	\$7,892.4 37.5% \$20,018.7 14.8% \$20,941.6 14.1%	\$8,000.5 40.8% \$20,602.0 15.8% \$22,037.3 14.8%	\$8,082.6 43.3% \$21,049.6 16.6% \$22,963.4 15.2%
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue  Operating Revenues (including Fare/Toll Revenues) and Subsidies Total Debt Service as a % of Operating Revenues and Subsidies  Non-Reimbursable Exp with Debt Service without Non-Cash Liabilities Total Debt Service as % of Non-reimbursable Expenses  Total Debt Service after Below the Line Adjustments:  Fare and Toll Revenues after Below the Line Adjustments  Total Debt Service as a % of Fare and Toll Revenue after BTL Adjustments	12	\$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4 15.6% \$18,302.1 14.4% \$2,631.4 \$7,077.2 37.2%	\$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,687.4 14.0% \$19,584.6 14.8% \$2,890.6 \$7,542.0 38.3%	\$7,740.6 32.6% \$18,802.1 13.4% \$19,876.4 12.7% \$2,521.8 \$7,866.7 32.1%	\$7,892.4 37.5% \$20,018.7 14.8% \$20,941.6 14.1% \$2,955.8 \$8,194.7 36.1%	\$8,000.5 40.8% \$20,602.0 15.8% \$22,037.3 14.8% \$3,263.3 \$8,581.1 38.0%	\$8,082.6 43.3% \$21,049.6 16.6% \$22,963.4 15.2% \$3,500.6 \$8,717.2 40.2%
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue  Operating Revenues (including Fare/Toll Revenues) and Subsidies Total Debt Service as a % of Operating Revenues and Subsidies  Non-Reimbursable Exp with Debt Service without Non-Cash Liabilities Total Debt Service as % of Non-reimbursable Expenses  Total Debt Service after Below the Line Adjustments:  Fare and Toll Revenues after Below the Line Adjustments	12 12	\$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4 15.6% \$18,302.1 14.4% \$2,631.4 \$7,077.2	\$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,687.4 14.0% \$19,584.6 14.8% \$2,890.6 \$7,542.0	\$7,740.6 32.6% \$18,802.1 13.4% \$19,876.4 12.7% \$2,521.8 \$7,866.7	\$7,892.4 37.5% \$20,018.7 14.8% \$20,941.6 14.1% \$2,955.8 \$8,194.7	\$8,000.5 40.8% \$20,602.0 15.8% \$22,037.3 14.8% \$3,263.3 \$8,581.1	\$8,082.6 43.3% \$21,049.6 16.6% \$22,963.4 15.2% \$3,500.6 \$8,717.2
Fare and Toll Revenues before Below-the-Line Adjustments Total Debt Service as a % of Fare/Toll Revenue  Operating Revenues (including Fare/Toll Revenues) and Subsidies Total Debt Service as a % of Operating Revenues and Subsidies  Non-Reimbursable Exp with Debt Service without Non-Cash Liabilities Total Debt Service as % of Non-reimbursable Expenses  Total Debt Service after Below the Line Adjustments:  Fare and Toll Revenues after Below the Line Adjustments  Total Debt Service as a % of Fare and Toll Revenue after BTL Adjustments  Operating Revenues and Subsidies after Below the Line Adjustments	12 12	\$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4 15.6% \$18,302.1 14.4% \$2,631.4 \$7,077.2 37.2% \$16,845.4	\$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,687.4 14.0% \$19,584.6 14.8% \$2,890.6 \$7,542.0 38.3% \$20,937.4	\$7,740.6 32.6% \$18,802.1 13.4% \$19,876.4 12.7% \$2,521.8 \$7,866.7 32.1%	\$7,892.4 37.5% \$20,018.7 14.8% \$20,941.6 14.1% \$2,955.8 \$8,194.7 36.1% \$20,519.0	\$8,000.5 40.8% \$20,602.0 15.8% \$22,037.3 14.8% \$3,263.3 \$8,581.1 38.0%	\$8,082.6 43.3% \$21,049.6 16.6% \$22,963.4 15.2% \$3,500.6 \$8,717.2 40.2%

Notes on the following page are integral to this table.

- 1 Floating rate notes assumed at the variable rate assumption plus the current fixed spread to maturity.
- <sup>2</sup> Synthetic fixed-rate debt assumed at swap rate; floating rate notes assumed at swap rate plus the current fixed spread to maturity
- 3 All debt service numbers reduced by Build America Bonds (BAB) subsidy.
- 4 All bonds to be issued assume 30-year level debt service with the principal amortized over the life of the bonds, with the following exceptions: PMT Bonds for MTA Bond funded portion of the 2020-24 capital program, which are 30-year bonds, amortized on a level debt service basis over 20 years, from year 11 to year 30.
- <sup>5</sup> Transportation Revenue Bonds pledged revenues consist generally of the following: fares and other miscellaneous revenues from the transit and commuter systems, including advertising, rental income and certain concession revenues (not including Grand Central and Penn Station); revenues from the distribution to the transit and commuter system of TBTA surplus; State and local general operating subsidies; funds contributed to the General Transportation Account of the NYC Transportation Assistance Fund; special tax-supported operating subsidies after the payment of debt service on the MTA Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, and the Payroll Mobility Tax Obligation Resolution Bonds; New York City urban tax for transit; station maintenance and service reimbursements; and revenues from the investment of capital program funds. Pledged revenues secure Transportation Revenue Bonds before the payment of operating and maintenance expenses. Starting in 2006, revenues, expenses and debt service for MTA Bus have also been included.
- 6 Dedicated Tax Fund pledged revenues as shown above consist generally of the following: petroleum business tax, motor fuel tax and motor vehicle fees deposited into the Dedicated Mass
  Transportation Trust Fund for the benefit of the MTA; in addition, while not reflected in the DTF pledged revenue figures above, the petroleum business tax, district sales tax, franchise taxes and
  temporary franchise surcharges deposited into the Metropolitan Transportation Operating Assistance Account for the benefit of the MTA are also pledged. After the payment of debt service on the MTA
  Dedicated Tax Fund Bonds, these subsidies are available to pay debt service on the MTA Transportation Revenue Bonds, and then any remaining amounts are available to be used to meet operating
  costs of the transit system, the commuter system, and SIRTOA.
- Payroll Mobility Tax Obligations pledged revenues consist of Payroll Mobility Tax and Aid Trust Account Receipts.
- 8 Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority General Revenue Bond pledged revenues consist primarily of the tolls charged by TBTA on its seven bridges and two tunnels. Pledged revenues secure TBTA General Revenue Bonds after the payment of TBTA operating and maintenance expenses, including certain reserves.
- 9 Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority Subordinate Revenue Bonds pledged revenues consist primarily of the tolls charged by TBTA on its seven bridges and two tunnels, after the payment of debt service on the TBTA General Revenue Bonds.
- 10 A debt service schedule for each credit is attached as addendum hereto, net of investment income.
- 11 Triborough Bridge and Tunnel Authority Second Subordinate (2nd SUB) Revenue Bonds pledged revenues consist primarily of the tolls charged by TBTA on its seven bridges and two tunnels, after the payment of debt service on the TBTA General Revenue and Subordinate Revenue Bonds.
- 12 These totals incorporate the Plan's Below-the-Line Adjustments.

Note: Does not include debt service to be paid by CBDTP Lockbox.



### Plan Adjustments

The discussion that follows reflects proposed Plan Adjustments to the Baseline.

### **Fare and Toll Increases**

Fare/Toll Increase, August 2025 (4% Yield) – An increase in fares and tolls, yielding a 4 percent overall increase in farebox and toll revenues, is assumed for implementation in August 2025 and is projected to generate \$302 million in 2026, the first full year after implementation. From the assumed 2025 fare and toll increase, consolidated farebox and toll revenues are expected to increase by \$126 million in 2025, \$302 million in 2026, \$307 million in 2027 and \$311 million in 2028. Factoring in subsidy impacts for MTA Bus, SIR and B&T (10 percent of all B&T surplus toll revenues are delayed for distribution to NYCT and the Commuter Railroads, per MTA Board policy, until B&T results are audited), the net increase to the MTA is \$120 million in 2025, \$291 million in 2026, \$299 million in 2027 and \$302 million in 2028. Compared with the July Plan when implementation was assumed for March 2025, net projections are unfavorable by \$97 million in 2025, and \$1 million annually for 2026 through 2028; compared with the February Plan when implementation was assumed for January 2025, net projections are unfavorable by \$165 million in 2025, \$6 million in 2026 and \$5 million in 2027.

<u>Fare/Toll Increase</u>, <u>March 2027 (4% Yield)</u> – An increase in fares and tolls, yielding a 4% overall increase in farebox and toll revenues, is assumed for implementation in March 2027 and is projected to generate a \$324 million in 2028 the first full year after implementation. From the assumed 2027 fare and toll increase, consolidated farebox and toll revenues are expected to increase by \$273 million in 2027 and \$324 million in 2028. Factoring in the subsidy impacts for MTA Bus, SIR and B&T, the net increase to the MTA is \$260 million in 2027 and \$314 million in 2028. Compared with the July Plan, net projections are unfavorable by \$2 million in 2027 and favorable by \$4 million in 2028; compared with the February Plan, the 2027 projection is unfavorable by \$5 million.

### **MTA Consolidated Utilization**

MTA Agency Fare and Toll Revenue Projections, in millions Including the Impact of Fare & Toll Yield Increases

For Bosses		November Forecast <u>2024</u>	Final Proposed Budget <u>2025</u>	<u>2026</u>	<u>2027</u>	<u>2028</u>
Fare Revenue  Long Island Rail Road	Baseline	<del>_</del> \$654.841	\$678.089	\$680.959	\$683.357	\$685.963
Long Island Rall Road	2025 Yield Increase	0.000	11.593	27.238	27.334	27.439
	2027 Yield Increase	0.000	0.000	0.000	24.302	28.536
	2027 Held Increase	\$654.841	\$689.681	\$708.197	\$734.993	\$741.937
Metro-North Railroad <sup>1</sup>	Baseline	\$620.501	\$647.455	\$650.197	\$652.488	\$657.554
	2025 Yield Increase	0.000	5.907	13.913	13.971	14.034
	2027 Yield Increase	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.544	14.748
	2027 71014 111010400	\$620.501	\$653.362	\$664.110	\$679.003	\$686.335
MTA Bus Company <sup>2</sup>	Baseline	\$181.180	\$191.013	\$198.760	\$205.977	\$209.144
	2025 Yield Increase	0.000	3.243	7.950	8.239	8.366
	2027 Yield Increase	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.304	8.700
		\$181.180	\$194.256	\$206.710	\$221.519	\$226.210
New York City Transit <sup>3</sup>	Baseline	\$3,505.410	\$3,636.699	\$3,747.684	\$3,818.018	\$3,871.824
	2025 Yield Increase	0.000	60.691	148.670	152.198	154.828
	2027 Yield Increase	0.000	0.000	0.000	134.378	161.019
		\$3,505.410	\$3,697.389	\$3,896.354	\$4,104.594	\$4,187.671
Staten Island Railway <sup>2</sup>	Baseline	\$3.882	\$3.950	\$3.968	\$3.968	\$3.998
	2025 Yield Increase	0.000	0.067	0.159	0.159	0.160
	2027 Yield Increase	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.140	0.166
		\$3.882	\$4.018	\$4.126	\$4.268	\$4.324
Total Farebox Revenue	Baseline	\$4,965.815	\$5,157.206	\$5,281.567	\$5,363.808	\$5,428.481
	2025 Yield Increase	0.000	81.500	197.931	201.901	204.826
	2027 Yield Increase	0.000	0.000	0.000	178.668	213.170
		\$4,965.815	\$5,238.706	\$5,479.497	\$5,744.378	\$5,846.477
Toll Revenue		_				
Bridges & Tunnels 4	Baseline	\$2,576.221	\$2,583.402	\$2,610.788	\$2,636.652	\$2,654.148
	2025 Yield Increase	0.000	44.551	104.432	105.466	106.166
	2027 Yield Increase	0.000	0.000	0.000	94.589	110.413
		\$2,576.221	\$2,627.953	\$2,715.220	\$2,836.707	\$2,870.726
TOTAL FARE & TOLL R		_				
	Baseline	\$7,542.036	\$7,740.608	\$7,892.355	\$8,000.460	\$8,082.629
	2025 Yield Increase	0.000	126.051	302.362	307.367	310.992
	2027 Yield Increase	0.000	0.000	0.000	273.257	323.582
		\$7,542.036	\$7,866.659	\$8,194.717	\$8,581.085	\$8,717.203

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Metro-North Railroad utilization figures <u>include</u> both East of Hudson and West of Hudson services.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  MTA Bus and Staten Island Railway revenues from fare increases are used to reduce NYC subsic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New York City Transit utilization figures <u>include</u> Paratransit and Fare Media Liability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Distribution of 10% of B&T surplus toll revenue is delayed to subsequent year per MTA Board resolution.

### **MTA** Initiatives

The Plan does not include any MTA Initiatives below-the-line.

### **Management and Policy Actions**

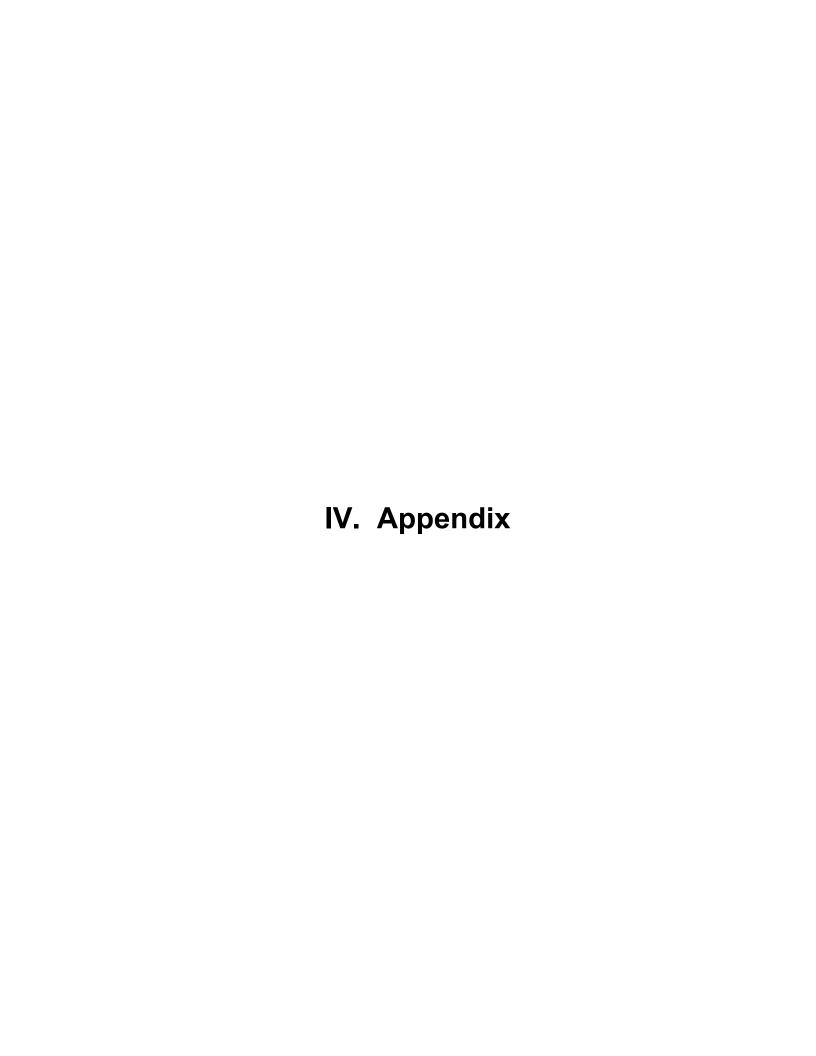
The Plan does not include any Management and Policy Actions below-the-line.

### MTA Re-estimates

The Plan does not include any MTA Re-estimates below-the-line.

### Other

<u>FEMA COVID Reimbursement</u> – MTA expects reimbursement of direct COVID-related expenses through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) of \$250 million in 2024, \$140 million in 2025 and \$210 million in 2026. The \$600 million total is unchanged from the July Plan, and is unfavorable to the \$717 million in the February Plan.



## Certification of the Chair and Chief Executive Officer of the Metropolitan Transportation Authority in accordance with Section 202.3(l) of the State Comptroller's Regulations

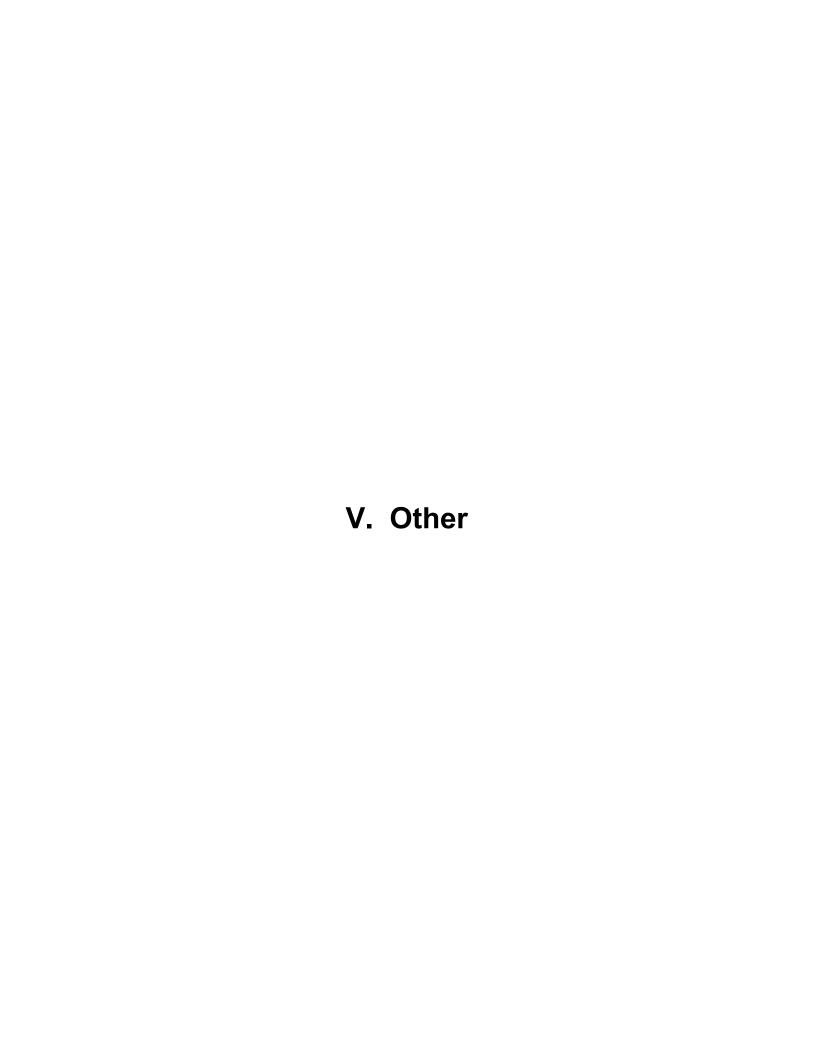
I, Janno Lieber, Chair and Chief Executive Officer of the Metropolitan Transportation Authority ("MTA") hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief after reasonable inquiry, including certifications from senior management at the MTA agencies, that the attached budget and financial plan is based on reasonable assumptions and methods of estimation and that the requirements of Section 202.3 and 202.4 of the Regulations referenced above have been satisfied.

Metropolitan Transportation Authority

Janna Lighe

Chair and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: 11.15.24



### **The MTA Budget Process**

MTA budgeting is a rigorous and thorough on-going process and culminates with the passage of the Budget in December. In the course of a year, MTA prepares a February, July and November Financial Plan, and Adoption Materials in December. In addition to the existing year, each Plan requires Agencies to prepare four-year projections which include the upcoming and three following calendar years.

Both the July and November Financial Plans are divided into two distinct volumes:

- Volume I summarizes the complete financial plan, including the baseline as well as policy items and other "below-the-line" items;
- Volume II includes detailed Agency information supporting baseline revenue, expense, cash and headcount projections. Also included is detailed information supporting actions taken to increase savings as well as individual Agency deficit reduction programs.

### July Plan

The July Financial Plan provides the opportunity for the MTA to present a revised forecast of the current year's finances, a preliminary presentation of the following year's proposed budget, and a three year re-forecast of out-year finances. This Plan may include a series of gap closing proposals necessary to maintain a balanced budget and actions requiring public hearings. The Mid-Year Forecast becomes the basis on which monthly results are compared for the remainder of the year.

### November Plan

After stakeholders weigh in and the impact of new developments and risks are quantified, a November Plan is prepared, which is an update to the July Financial Plan. The November Plan includes a revised current year and finalization of the proposed budget for the upcoming year and projections for the three out-years.

### December Adopted Budget

In December, the November Plan is updated to capture further developments, risks and actions that are necessary to ensure budget balance and is presented to the MTA Board for review and approval.

### February Plan

Finally, certain below-the-line policy issues included in the December Adopted Budget are moved into the baseline and technical adjustments are made. This results in what is called the February Plan. The Adopted Budget is allocated over the 12 month period and becomes the basis on which monthly results are compared.